# Cleaning and Sanitizing Utensils and Equipment for Effective Disease Protection

### Introduction

After dishware, glasses, flatware, pots, pans, utensils, cutting boards, prep tables, and other equipment have been soiled from food storage, preparation, cooking, and/or service, they must be cleaned and sanitized before re-use to avoid microbial contamination. Failure to adequately clean and sanitize any food contact surfaces can lead to food-borne illnesses.

## **Definitions**

"Cleaning" is the physical removal of soil and food matter from a surface.

"Sanitizing" is the reduction of the number of contaminating microorganisms, such as bacteria and viruses, on tableware, flatware, equipment, and any

food-contact surface. These two actions are not the same.

# **Dishwashing Machines**

Dishwashing machines, when properly operated and maintained, can be reliable in removing soil and micro-organisms. There are two types of dishwashing

machines, and they differ in their sanitizing cycle:

- ① *High Temperature Machines* sanitize dishes by reaching at least 180°F during the final rinse cycle.
- ② Chemical-Sanitizing Machines automatically dispense a chemical sanitizer into the final rinse water (sanitizer strength shall reach at least 50 ppm Chlorine solution).

### **Cleaning Cloths**

Cleaning cloths used to wipe service counters, scales, cutting boards, and other surfaces that may directly or indirectly contact food shall be:

- 1.Used only once until laundered,
  - OR -
- 2.If used repeatedly, held in a sanitizing solution of the proper concentration (100 ppm Chlorine\*, 200 ppm Quat. Ammonia, or 25 ppm lodine) when not wiping.

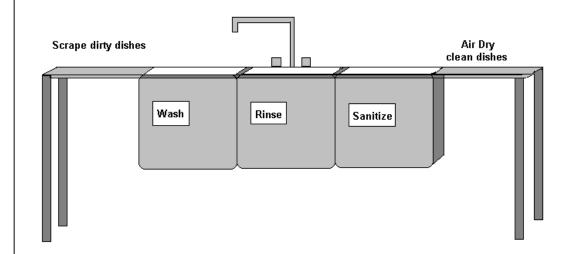
Cleaning cloths used to wipe customer tables and seats shall not be used to wipe any other surfaces.

[\*100 ppm Chlorine solution = approximately ½ fluid oz. of bleach per 1 gallon of water]

# **Manual Dishwashing**

Washing, rinsing, and sanitizing of equipment, utensils, and food-contact surfaces can also be done manually:

- ① Scrape off most food material from the equipment
- ② First wash the equipment or utensils with hot water and a cleanser until they are clean.
- 3 Rinse in clear, hot water.
- ④ Immerse in a final warm sanitizing solution of the proper concentration. (100 ppm Chlorine for 30 seconds, 200 ppm Quat Ammonia for 1 minute, or 25 ppm Iodine for 1 minute).
- ⑤ Air dry all washed equipment and utensils.



# Sanitizing of Equipment

All utensils and equipment shall be cleaned and sanitized as circumstances

#### **Food-Contact Surfaces**

require. (See Cross-Contamination handout)

If equipment food-contact surfaces and utensils are used with potentially hazardous foods, they shall be cleaned throughout the day at least every four (4) hours.

#### Sanitizer Test Strips

Sanitizer test strips are required in your facility to monitor the strength of the sanitizer in your dishwasher, 3-compartment sink, and/or the cleaning cloth solution. Please make sure that the appropriate test strips for the sanitizer used are obtained.

### **For More Information**

For more information on food protection, please contact the Environmental Health Division at (530) 621-5300 in Placerville or (530) 573-3450 in South Lake Tahoe.